in Montana, accounting for over half of our wheat production. Barley has played an important role in many cultures throughout history. Egypt, barley was used in religious ceremonies, while in Rome, gladiators believed barley gave them extra strength.

Did You Know







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a variety of forms. life, store in the refrigerator or freezer. Montana grains are available year-round and in whole grains and flour stored in a cool, dry place in airtight containers. To extend shelf vitamins, and folic acid. Fiber is necessary to maintain a healthy digestive system. Keep grain. Most grains are rich in carbohydrates and fiber and contain many minerals, B are added back in after processing-they are lacking in the fiber of the original whole corn, and hulled barley. Although whole refined grains are enriched-the nutrients whole grain sources. Whole grain sources include whole wheat bread, oatmeal, whole some of the nutrients from the grain. Therefore, select at least half of your grains from The process of refining grains to make flour and other products removes the fiber and

Cooking

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.equs & yletenixorqqs sbleiy. Setunim 08-24 rof am -mis not to 4 cups water or broth, bring to a boil then simfor 10-12 hours in water prior to use. Use 1 cup wheat pilafs, and stir-fries. To cook wheat berries, wash and soak wheat berries, barley, and other grains in salads, soups, Add fiber, flavor, texture, and nutrients by including cooked



The Montana Harvest of the Month program showcases Montana grown foods in Montanas schools and communities. This porgiana is a co laboration between Montana Ram to School, Office of Public Instruction, Montana Team Nutrition Forgiam, Mational Center for Appropriate Technology, Montana State University Extension, Calitari Nalley Farm to School, Montana Department of Agriculture, Montana Corganic Associa-tion, and FoodCorps Montana. More information and resources are available at: mtharvestofthemonth.org TAON ANATNOM TREASTINU STATE ANATNOM TIRRETURN STATE

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Nutrition Information

When the grain kernel is intact (the bran and germ haven't been removed in processing), it is rich in fiber and many minerals, B vitamins, and folic acid. However, when it is processed to make white flour, the fiber and most of the vitamins and minerals are lost. All grains are rich in carbohydrates. Fiber is necessary to maintain a healthy digestive system. Gluten is contained in the endosperm of many grains and creates the texture and volume of bread by stretching and capturing gasses released by yeast or other leavening agents. While some individuals may have Celiac Disease, have a wheat allergy, or are sensitive to gluten, most people are able to eat gluten-containing grains without issue. Oats do not contain gluten, however, they are often stored or processed with wheat, and therefore are not usually acceptable for those with gluten intolerances.

Dig Deeper

For recipes, lessons, quick activities, resources, and guides, visit:

mtharvestofthemonth.org